

[at%Mg]	Z [e/a]	T <sub>c</sub> [K]	Ref	T <sub>k</sub> [K]	Ref	r [mWcm]	Ref	1/r dr/dt [10 <sup>-5</sup> /K]	Ref	R <sub>H</sub> [10 <sup>-11</sup> m <sup>3</sup> /As]	Ref	S'(T)/T [nV/K <sup>2</sup> ]	Ref
30				365	1	57,7	1	-28,5	1			0,58	1
50				410	1	47,3	1	-21,2	1			0,39	1
65				360	1	49,7	1	-14,5	1			0,13	1
70				300	1	47,6	1	-13,3	1			0,00	1
80				270	1	37,9	1	-10,0	1			-0,16	1

**Caption:**

- Z indicates the mean electron number per atom
  - T<sub>c</sub> indicates the transition to the superconducting state
  - T<sub>k</sub> indicates the crystallization temperature
  - ρ indicates the specific resistivity at T approx. 4K
  - 1/ρ dp/dt indicates the temperature coefficient at approx. T=100K
  - R<sub>H</sub> indicates the Hallcoefficient at approx. T=10K
  - S'(T)/T indicates the slope of the thermopower at low T
- The horizontal thin lines enclose the amorphous range

**References:**

- [1] Rimmelpacher, Jürgen; Diplomarbeit, Univ. Karlsruhe, 1991

The concentration range between the thin horizontal lines shows the amorphous alloys, outside the samples are partly are completely crystalline.